

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

**(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau**



A standard linear barcode is located at the bottom of the page, spanning most of the width. It is used for document tracking and identification.

**(43) International Publication Date
29 March 2001 (29.03.2001)**

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 01/22425 A1

(51) International Patent Classification⁷: G11C 16/00

(81) Designated States (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU.

(21) International Application Number: PCT/US00/25846

(22) International Filing Date:
20 September 2000 (20.09.2000)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language: English

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(81) Designated States (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, ES, ES, FI, GB, GD, GH, GI, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JE, KE, KG, KP, KR, LZ, LY, MA, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, LZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TI, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

(84) Designated States (*regional*): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UW, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TI, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BI, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, NI, NE, SN, TD, TG).

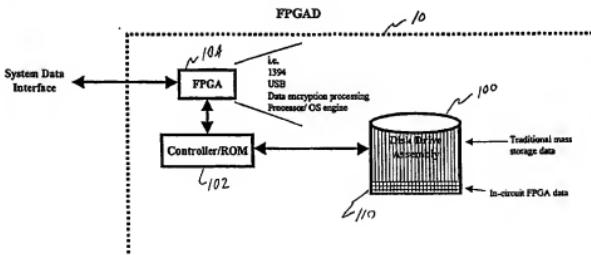
Published:

— *With international search report.*

- Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments.

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: FIELD PROGRAMMABLE GATE ARRAY HARD DISK SYSTEM



(57) Abstract: An FPGA/HD assembly is self-contained by integrating with the FPGA with the HDD assembly, with the HDD storing the in-circuit programming for the FPGA, and modifying the FPGA to cooperate with any selected interface under the control of the embedded controller in the HDD. The in-circuit programming data is stored directly on a selected partition of the HDD, leaving as much space as needed for any other data traditionally stored on the HDD. The controller would locate the specific in-circuit data and locate the appropriate soft core into the FPGA upon receiving a command identifying the bus which is to be interfaced within any selected operation.

FIELD PROGRAMMABLE GATE ARRAY HARD DISK SYSTEM**CROSS-REFERENCE TO A RELATED APPLICATION**

5 This application is based on and claims the priority date of Provisional Application Serial No. 60/154,881 filed September 20, 1999, entitled FIELD PROGRAMMABLE GATE ARRAY HARD DISK SYSTEM, invented by William S. Herz. This provisional application is incorporated herein by reference.

10 FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to the field of memory systems incorporating a hard disk drive and more specifically to a system which can provide a variety of fully configurable interfaces to or processes for a hard disk drive.

15 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The current state of the art allows in-circuit programmability for a field programmable gate array (FPGA). Typically, this data resides in memory or is passed on to the FPGA via a host computer. Ultimately, this data resides in some storage device (RAM, ROM, or a hard disk all accessed via host intervention). This data is used to 20 program the FPGA to perform its specified function. Practical restrictions on the number of interfaces exist, due to the limitation of memory size and the load on the CPU to steer this data to the FPGA.

Such a restraint would have special importance in a device such as the data shuttle disclosed in the related application which is incorporated herein by reference. In this 25 application, a single data shuttle is disclosed which is especially useful in portably storing

input data stream from a number of sources including television signals, SPDIF formatted data, and information received over buses such as a USB bus or ATA bus or 1394 bus. Each of these requires its own interface, multiplying the number of chips which must be incorporated, increasing the amount of functional silicon and therefore the cost of such

5 a multi-interface product.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an objective of this invention to create a singular assembly, compatible with a multitude of interfaces.

10 More specifically, in this invention a number of interface chips are replaced by one or more FPGA chips.

More specifically, in the present invention an FPGA is characterized by programming information stored on an associated hard disk.

15 More specifically, the present invention is characterized by an FPGA integrated with a hard disk assembly which stores the associated in-circuit programming data.

Yet another characteristic is that the FPGA is integrated with a hard disk assembly and the programming is modified by an embedded controller in the hard disk assembly.

20 In summary, the FPGA/HDD assembly is self-contained by integrating with the FPGA with the HDD assembly, with the HDD storing the in-circuit programming for the FPGA, and modifying the FPGA to cooperate with any selected interface under the control of the embedded controller in the HDD. This presents the advantage in this invention that the in-circuit programming data is stored directly on a selective partition of the HDD, leaving as much space as needed for any other data traditionally stored on the HDD. The controller would locate the specific in-circuit data and locate the 25 appropriate soft core into the FPGA upon receiving a command identifying the bus which is to be interfaced within any selected operation.

Other features and advantages of the invention will become apparent to a person of skill in the art who studies this disclosure given in association with the following drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a block diagram schematic of the basic elements of the invention; and Fig. 2 is a block diagram of a board level multi-interface product in which the present invention is useful.

5

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF AN EMBODIMENT

The following description describes a system which combines a field programmable gate array (FPGA) with a hard disk drive assembly (HDD) in order to provide a variety of fully configurable interfaces to or processors for the hard disk drive.

10 However, it should be recognized that the features and advantages of this invention are not to be limited to the specific block diagram described herein. The present features may be used with any number of interfaces or processors; further, the FPGA data could be stored in a partition segment of any size disk drive.

Referring to Fig. 1, the basic elements implementing the present invention include 15 the disk drive assembly 100 which includes an embedded controller 102 and preferably an embedded or closely associated field programmable gate array FPGA 104. As is well known in the field of FPGA technology, the functions of this device 104 can be modified from time to time based on data which is downloaded to the FPGA to specify specific functions to its "soft core". For example, in the field of a device which needs to utilize 20 multiple interfaces, for example an ATA interface, a 1394 interface, or a USB interface, the FPGA 104 could adopt the necessary signal processing structures and functions at any given time based on the data loaded into it by the controller 102. According to the present invention, this data can be stored on a separate partitioned region 110 of the HDD 100 after the desired interfaces have been defined. At any time during the use of the FPGA, 25 based on some external control signal, a time function or the like, the FPGA is to provide a particular interface to the overall system 10, the controller 102 which is also incorporated on board the disk drive can download the data from the FPGA data partition 110 on the disk drive into the FPGA 104. As soon as the FPGA data is downloaded, the FPGA serves as that particular programmable device.

30 Thus, according to the present invention, any programmable interface from the group identified above or others not specifically identified is available for any user to

assign as needed. The soft core data can be time multiplex loaded or otherwise under control of a single external signal received from the external host computer be assigned to be unloaded without further host computer intervention and loading. This will significantly reduce any manufacturing costs by homogenizing the HDD assembly and eliminates previously required functional silicon which would be required to implement each desired interface.

10 An example of a board level system utilizing multiple interfaces which could well be implemented by a person of skill in the art in this field and which could very profitably incorporate this invention is the data shuttle utilizing a disk storage device shown in Fig.

10 2.

15 The shuttle accepts continuous streams of digital information from a variety of sources and conveys them through various interfaces incorporated into the data shuttle and conveys them across a bus into a hard disk drive. In this figure, the inputs from the various devices or sources of data are shown on the left as are the outputs to potential destinations. If the received data is in analog form, it is digitized as shown for example at the upper left where the composite TV video signals 700 and the associated audio 702 are applied to appropriate A to D converters 704, and 706 and then conveyed over buses to an MPEG-2 encoder 710. The outputs of this MPEG-2 encoder 710 are transferred through a data packetizer 712 to the disk processor 714 which does the appropriate file 20 management, bus arbitration, content management and stream management functions so that the data can be stored on a local hard disk drive 720. In this way, any desired video input stream can be converted, digitized, processed and stored for selective access on the data shuttle. The MPEG encoders and decoders could be embodied as an FPGA that was reprogrammed under control of the on-board microprocessor 270 utilizing data stored on 25 the local HDD 220. In this way, the number of actual encoder/decoder chips could be substantially reduced.

30 The shuttle can also be connected across an interface to a larger hard disk drive which is incorporated in a nesting or docking device 760 for the shuttle. The disk processor 714 can then further transmit the stored digital data from the local disk drive 720 onto a nesting disk drive 740 across an ATA bus which would have a larger capacity. In this way, the shuttle can be moved from one apparatus to another and store input data

from one or several sources through the various interfaces shown.

The shuttle operates under control of its own local processor 770 and includes a power supply and monitor 772 and controls 780-784.

Among other interfaces, the shuttle also includes an input/output bus 720 operative to handle SPDIF format. This input/output bus 720 runs directly to the data packetizer 712 and then across a bus to the disk processor 714. Another SPDIF input 722 for receipt of digital audio is an input to the MPEG-2 encoder 710; the outputs of this MPEG-2 encoder are also conveyed to the disk processor 714 for storage on the local hard disk 720 or the nesting hard disk 740. This digital audio source 722 can also be applied to the MP3 encoder 724 whose outputs are connected directly to the data packetizer 712 and then to the disk processor 714, so that any data in SPDIF format can be stored and selectively accessed.

A plurality of bidirectional buses including a USB bus 730, a 1394 bus 732 and an ATA bus 734 are also provided. The USB bus 730 may provide a bidirectional connection for example to an MP3 player, a digital camera or a PC. Through a USB PHY 740, and a packetizer 742, any of these devices is coupled directly to the data packetizer 712 with their inputs and outputs then conveyed through the processor 714 to the hard disk drive 720. In similar fashion, the 1394 bus 732 could be connected to a digital video camera or a PC or a digital VCR through an appropriate PHY 744 and packetizer 746 to the data packetizer 712 and disk processor 714. Finally, the ATA bus 734 could connect a flash memory or other data storage device directly to the disk processor 714 and then to the disk drive 720.

On the output side, even as the SPDIF input 722 can be conveyed through an MP3 encoder 724 for storage, an MP3 decoder 750 is provided whose output may be coupled to an SPDIF output bus 752 or alternatively through an audio processor 754 to a modulator amp 756. This provides several alternative output lines including an RF modulated AV 758, a stereo phone output 760 and audio output 762. The audio output would more typically be used with the television output 764 which comes through the modulator amp via a digital video encoder 766 and an MPEG-2 decoder 768. The MPEG-2 decoder receives its video information from the depacketizer 712 and the disk processor 714 which as noted above can selectively access any file on the local disk 720.

All of these functions are conducted under the control of the CPU 770 which in this example is Motorola 823E which is supported by a power supply 772 and monitor.

The functions are selected and the input and output sources and destinations are recognized through an IR control 780 and the selected function displayed on an LCD display 782 on the face of the shuttle. Both of these are supported through a control I/O 784 incorporated into the shuttle and controlling the functions of the CPU 770 over the bus 786.

Similarly to the above, where each bus includes a packetizer/depacketizer, a FPGA could be utilized. When a bus is selected, the microprocessor could download the necessary data from the disk drive to program the FPGA to serve the necessary packetizer/depacketizer.

In this way the processor board could be substantially simplified without extra burdens being placed on the host computer, since the on-board processor would have the time available to download the core data from the on-board disk drive without any conflict with its data storage control functions.

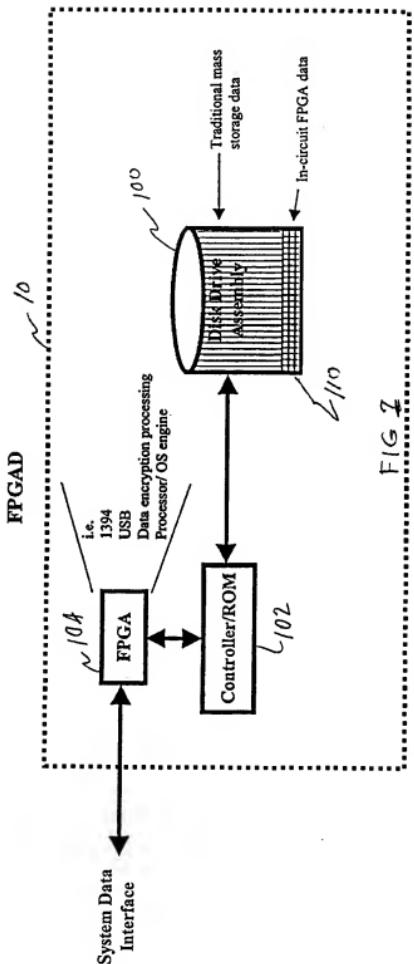
Other uses, features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent to a person of skill in the art who studies the above invention disclosure. Therefore, the scope of the present invention is to be limited only by the following claims.

WHAT IS CLAIMED:

1. In a system which includes a field programmable gate array (FPGA) integrated with a hard disk drive assembly, the hard disk drive assembly further comprising an integrated microprocessor, the hard disk drive storing data to configure the field programmable gate array to perform multiple different functions under control of the on-board processor without intervention by the host of the overall system.
5
2. A system as claimed in claim 1 including a plurality of interfaces, each connected to the hard disk drive through an encoder or decoder, one or more of the encoders and decoders being implemented by a single FPGA which is reprogrammed to work with a different interface by the data stored on the hard disk drive.
10
3. A system as claimed in claim 1 including a plurality of interfaces, each connected to the hard disk drive through a packetizer or depacketizer, one or more of the packetizer and depacketizers being implemented by a single FPGA adapted to be programmed to work with a selected one of the plurality of interfaces by data stored on the hard disk drive.
15
4. A system as claimed in claim 3 including a disk controller adapted to store a plurality of data sets for programming the FPGA in identifiable sections of said hard disk drive, and to select one of said data sets for programming the FPGA in response to a command from the on-board processor dependent on the selected interface which is to send or receive data from the system.
20
5. In a system which includes a field programmable gate array (FPGA) integrated with a hard disk drive assembly, the hard disk drive assembly further comprising an integrated microprocessor, the hard disk drive storing data to configure the field programmable gate array to perform multiple different functions under control of the on-board processor without intervention by the host of the overall system, the method comprising storing a plurality of data sets for programming the field programmable gate array on a partitioned region of the hard disk drive, identifying a selected one of the
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interfaces which is to send or receive data from the system, and programming the FPGA with one of the data sets from the hard disk drive under the control of the on-board processor in response to the identification of the selected interface.

- 5 6. In a system which includes a field programmable gate array integrated with a hard disk drive assembly, the hard disk drive assembly further comprising an integrated microprocessor, the hard disk drive storing data to configure the field programmable gate array to perform multiple different functions under control of the on-board processor without intervention by the host of the overall system, and means for storing a plurality 10 of data sets for programming the field programmable gate array on a partitioned region of the hard disk drive, and programming the FPGA with one of the data sets from the hard disk drive under the control of the on-board processor in response to the identification of the selected interface.



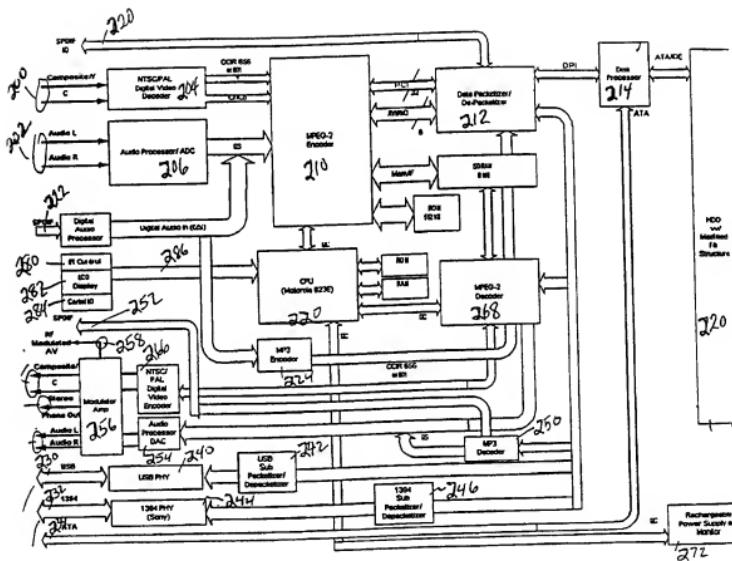


FIG. 2

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No:
PCT/US 00/25846

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
G11C16/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC:

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

G11C,G06F,H01J

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 5600845 A (GILSON) 04 February 1997, abstract, column 1, line 10 - column 5, line 2, fig. 1, claims 1,8. --	1,5,6 11
A	US 5944813 A (TRIMBERGER) 31 August 1999, abstract, column 1, line 10 - column 2, line 12, fig. 2c, claim 1. --	1,5,6
A	US 5619728 A (JONES et al.) 08 April 1997. ----	1,5,6

<input type="checkbox"/>	Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Patent family members are listed in annex.
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- * Special categories of cited documents:
 - "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
 - "B" earlier document published on or after the international filing date
 - "C" document which may throw doubts on priority (claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
 - "D" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
 - "E" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

Date of the actual completion of the international search 30 November 2000	Date of mailing of the international search report 29.01.2001
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Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 cpo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer GRÖSSING
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ANHANG

Zum internationalen Recherchenbericht über die internationale Patentanmeldung Nr.

ANNEX

To the International Search Report to the International Patent Application No.

PCT/US 00/25846 SAE 304631

In diesem Anhang sind die Mitglieder der Patentfamilien der im obengenannten internationalen Recherchenbericht angeführten Patentdokumente angegeben. Diese Angaben dienen nur zur Unterrichtung und erfolgen ohne Gewähr.

ANNEXE

Au rapport de recherche international relatif à la demande de brevet international n°

Im Recherchenbericht angeführte Patentdokumente Patent document cited in search report Document de brevet cité dans le rapport de recherche				Datum der Veröffentlichung Publication date Date de publication	Mitglied(er) der Patentfamilie Patent family member(s) Membre(s) de la famille de brevets	Datum der Veröffentlichung Publication date Date de publication
US A 5600845				04-02-1997	none	
US A 5944813				31-08-1999	EP A1 665998 EP A4 665998 JP T2 8503321 WO A1 9504402 US A 5652904	09-08-1995 12-06-1996 09-04-1996 09-02-1995 29-07-1997
US A 5619728				08-04-1997	none	

CORRECTED VERSION

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau(43) International Publication Date
29 March 2001 (29.03.2001)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 01/022425 A1(51) International Patent Classification⁷: G11C 16/00 (74) Agent: PATTERSON, Bruce; Thomason, Moser & Patterson, Suite 1500, 3040 Post Oak Boulevard, Houston, TX 77056 (US).

(21) International Application Number: PCT/US00/25846

(22) International Filing Date:
20 September 2000 (20.09.2000)

(25) Filing Language: English

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(30) Priority Data:
60/154,881 20 September 1999 (20.09.1999) US(71) Applicant: SEAGATE TECHNOLOGY LLC [US/US];
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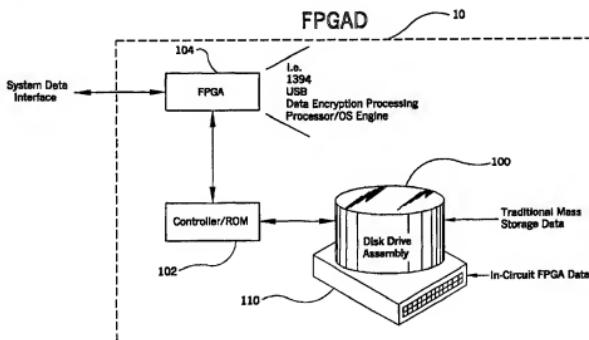
(81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

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Published:
— with international search report

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: FIELD PROGRAMMABLE GATE ARRAY HARD DISK SYSTEM



(57) **Abstract:** An FPGA/HDD assembly is self-contained by integrating with the FPGA with the HDD assembly, with the HDD storing the in-circuit programming for the FPGA, and modifying the FPGA to cooperate with any selected interface under the control of the embedded controller in the HDD. The in-circuit programming data is stored directly on a selected partition of the HDD, leaving as much space as needed for any other data traditionally stored on the HDD. The controller would locate the specific in-circuit data and locate the appropriate soft core into the FPGA upon receiving a command identifying the bus which is to be interfaced within any selected operation.

WO 01/022425 A1



(48) **Date of publication of this corrected version:**
21 November 2002

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(15) **Information about Correction:**
see PCT Gazette No. 47/2002 of 21 November 2002, Section II

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10 More specifically, in this invention a number of interface chips are replaced by one or more FPGA chips.

More specifically, in the present invention an FPGA is characterized by programming information stored on an associated hard disk.

15 More specifically, the present invention is characterized by an FPGA integrated with a hard disk assembly which stores the associated in-circuit programming data.

Yet another characteristic is that the FPGA is integrated with a hard disk assembly and the programming is modified by an embedded controller in the hard disk assembly.

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The shuttle operates under control of its own local processor 770 and includes a power supply and monitor 772 and controls 780-784.

Among other interfaces, the shuttle also includes an input/output bus 720 operative to handle SPDIF format. This input/output bus 720 runs directly to the data packetizer 712 and then across a bus to the disk processor 714. Another SPDIF input 722 for receipt of digital audio is an input to the MPEG-2 encoder 710; the outputs of this MPEG-2 encoder are also conveyed to the disk processor 714 for storage on the local hard disk 720 or the nesting hard disk 740. This digital audio source 722 can also be applied to the MP3 encoder 724 whose outputs are connected directly to the data packetizer 712 and then to the disk processor 714, so that any data in SPDIF format can be stored and selectively accessed.

A plurality of bidirectional buses including a USB bus 730, a 1394 bus 732 and an ATA bus 734 are also provided. The USB bus 730 may provide a bidirectional connection for example to an MP3 player, a digital camera or a PC. Through a USB PHY 740, and a packetizer 742, any of these devices is coupled directly to the data packetizer 712 with their inputs and outputs then conveyed through the processor 714 to the hard disk drive 720. In similar fashion, the 1394 bus 732 could be connected to a digital video camera or a PC or a digital VCR through an appropriate PHY 744 and packetizer 746 to the data packetizer 712 and disk processor 714. Finally, the ATA bus 734 could connect a flash memory or other data storage device directly to the disk processor 714 and then to the disk drive 720.

On the output side, even as the SPDIF input 722 can be conveyed through an MP3 encoder 724 for storage, an MP3 decoder 750 is provided whose output may be coupled to an SPDIF output bus 752 or alternatively through an audio processor 754 to a modulator amp 756. This provides several alternative output lines including an RF modulated AV 758, a stereo phone output 760 and audio output 762. The audio output would more typically be used with the television output 764 which comes through the modulator amp via a digital video encoder 766 and an MPEG-2 decoder 768. The MPEG-2 decoder receives its video information from the depacketizer 712 and the disk processor 714 which as noted above can selectively access any file on the local disk 720.

All of these functions are conducted under the control of the CPU 770 which in this example is Motorola 823E which is supported by a power supply 772 and monitor.

The functions are selected and the input and output sources and destinations are recognized through an IR control 780 and the selected function displayed on an LCD display 782 on the face of the shuttle. Both of these are supported through a control I/O 784 incorporated into the shuttle and controlling the functions of the CPU 770 over the bus 786.

Similarly to the above, where each bus includes a packetizer/depacketizer, a FPGA could be utilized. When a bus is selected, the microprocessor could download the necessary data from the disk drive to program the FPGA to serve the necessary packetizer/depacketizer.

In this way the processor board could be substantially simplified without extra burdens being placed on the host computer, since the on-board processor would have the time available to download the core data from the on-board disk drive without any conflict with its data storage control functions.

Other uses, features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent to a person of skill in the art who studies the above invention disclosure. Therefore, the scope of the present invention is to be limited only by the following claims.

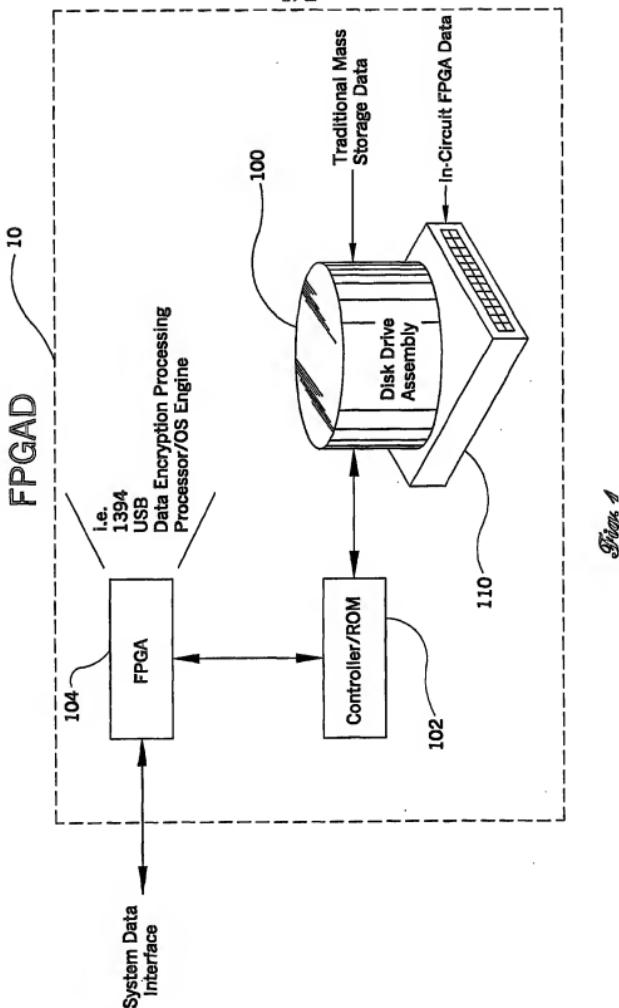
WHAT IS CLAIMED:

1. In a system which includes a field programmable gate array (FPGA) integrated with a hard disk drive assembly, the hard disk drive assembly further comprising an integrated microprocessor, the hard disk drive storing data to configure the field programmable gate array to perform multiple different functions under control of the on-board processor without intervention by the host of the overall system.
5
2. A system as claimed in claim 1 including a plurality of interfaces, each connected to the hard disk drive through an encoder or decoder, one or more of the encoders and decoders being implemented by a single FPGA which is reprogrammed to work with a different interface by the data stored on the hard disk drive.
10
3. A system as claimed in claim 1 including a plurality of interfaces, each connected to the hard disk drive through a packetizer or depacketizer, one or more of the packetizer and depacketizers being implemented by a single FPGA adapted to be programmed to work with a selected one of the plurality of interfaces by data stored on the hard disk drive.
15
4. A system as claimed in claim 3 including a disk controller adapted to store a plurality of data sets for programming the FPGA in identifiable sections of said hard disk drive, and to select one of said data sets for programming the FPGA in response to a command from the on-board processor dependent on the selected interface which is to send or receive data from the system.
20
- 25 5. In a system which includes a field programmable gate array (FPGA) integrated with a hard disk drive assembly, the hard disk drive assembly further comprising an integrated microprocessor, the hard disk drive storing data to configure the field programmable gate array to perform multiple different functions under control of the on-board processor without intervention by the host of the overall system, the method comprising storing a plurality of data sets for programming the field programmable gate array on a partitioned region of the hard disk drive, identifying a selected one of the
30

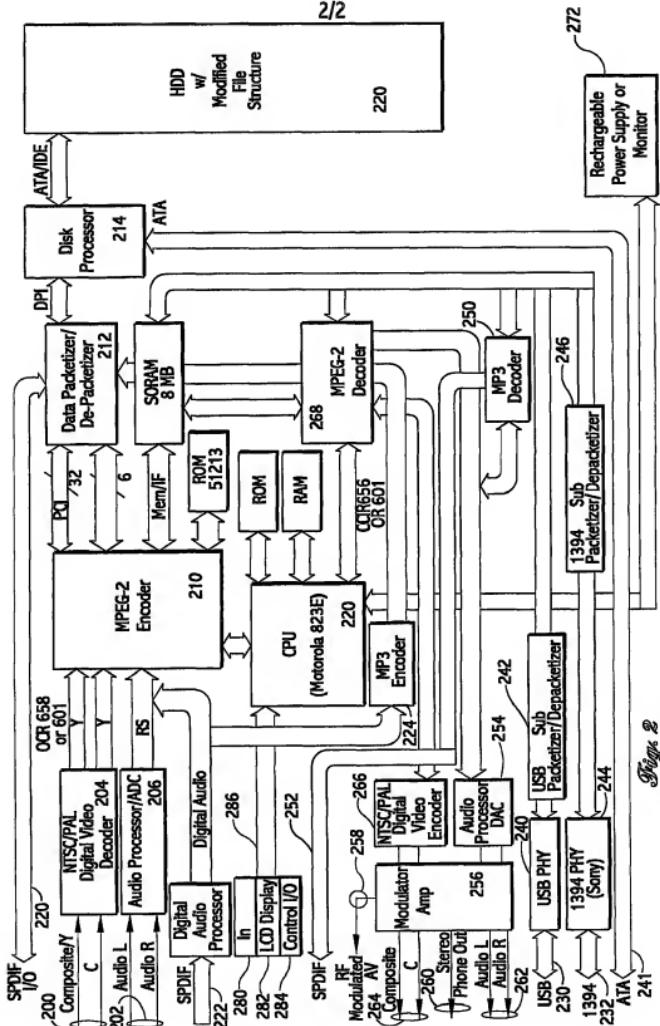
interfaces which is to send or receive data from the system, and programming the FPGA with one of the data sets from the hard disk drive under the control of the on-board processor in response to the identification of the selected interface.

5 6. In a system which includes a field programmable gate array integrated with a hard disk drive assembly, the hard disk drive assembly further comprising an integrated microprocessor, the hard disk drive storing data to configure the field programmable gate array to perform multiple different functions under control of the on-board processor without intervention by the host of the overall system, and means for storing a plurality
10 of data sets for programming the field programmable gate array on a partitioned region of the hard disk drive, and programming the FPGA with one of the data sets from the hard disk drive under the control of the on-board processor in response to the identification of the selected interface.

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2/2



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No:
PCT/US 00/25846A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
G11C16/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC?

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
G11C,G06F,H01J

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 5600845 A (GILSON) 04 February 1997, abstract, column 1, line 10 - column 5, line 2, fig. 1, claims 1,8. --	1,5,6 '11
A	US 5944813 A (TRIMBERGER) 31 August 1999, abstract, column 1, line 10 - column 2, line 12, fig. 2c, claim 1. --	1,5,6
A	US 5619728 A (JONES et al.) 08 April 1997. -----	1,5,6

Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex.

- * Special categories of cited documents:
 - "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
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- "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- "E&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search 30 November 2000	Date of mailing of the international search report 29.01.2001
Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.O. 5118 Patentlan 2 NL-2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer GROSSING

ANHANG

Zum internationalen Recherchenbericht über die internationale Patentanmeldung Nr.

ANNEX

To the International Search Report to the International Patent Application No.

PCT/US 00/25846 SAE 304631

In diesem Anhang sind die Mitglieder der Patentfamilien der im obengenannten internationalen Recherchenbericht angeführten Patentdokumente angegeben. Diese Angaben dienen nur zur Unterichtung und erfolgen ohne Gewähr.

ANNEXE

Au rapport de recherche International relatif à la demande de brevet International n°

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned search report.

The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

La présente annexe indique les membres de la famille de brevets indiqués aux documents de brevets cités dans le rapport de recherche International visé ci-dessus. Les renseignements fournis sont donnés à titre indicatif et n'engagent pas la responsabilité de l'Office.

Im Recherchenbericht angeführte Patentdokumente Patent document cited in search report Document de brevet cité dans le rapport de recherche	Datum der Veröffentlichung Publication date Date de publication	Mitglied(er) der Patentfamilie Patent family member(s) Membre(s) de la famille de brevets	Datum der Veröffentlichung Publication date Date de publication
US A 5600845	04-02-1997	none	
US A 5944813	31-08-1999	EP A1 665998 EP A4 665998 JP T2 0503321 WO A1 9504402 US A 5652904	09-08-1995 12-06-1996 09-04-1996 09-02-1995 29-07-1997
US A 5619728	08-04-1997	none	